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IN THE CLAIMS:

Please substitute the following listing of claims for the previous listing of claims.

1. (previously presented) A substrate processing method comprising:
 - (a) providing a substrate in a process zone, the substrate comprising an etch resistant material over a mask material, the mask material being over an underlying material;
 - (b) providing an energized etching gas in the process zone to etch the mask material, the energized etching gas comprising a first composition;
 - (c) changing the first composition of the etching gas to a second composition to etch the mask material;
 - (d) removing the etch resistant material in the process zone; and
 - (e) after (d), providing an energized process gas in the process zone to etch the underlying material.
2. (previously presented) A method according to claim 1 wherein (d) comprises providing an energized stripping gas in the process zone under process conditions selected to substantially remove a layer of etch resistant material.
3. (Original) A method according to claim 2 wherein the energized stripping gas comprises an oxygen-containing gas.
4. (Original) A method according to claim 3 wherein the energized stripping gas further comprises an oxygen activating gas.
5. (Original) A method according to claim 4 wherein the oxygen activating gas comprises a nitrogen-containing gas.

6-9. (Canceled)

10. (previously presented) A method according to claim 1 comprising etching apertures in the mask material.

11. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 1 wherein the underlying material comprises silicon and wherein the energized process gas comprises a halogen-containing gas.

12. (previously presented) A method according to claim 11 wherein the energized process gas comprises one or more of CF₄, C₂F₆, NF₃, SF₆, Cl₂, Br₂, HBr, and HCl.

13. (Original) A method according to claim 1 wherein the process zone is an energized gas zone in a process chamber.

14. (previously presented) A substrate processing method comprising:

- (a) providing a substrate in a process zone, the substrate comprising an etch resistant material and a mask material;
- (b) providing a first energized etching gas in the process zone to etch the mask material;
- (c) after (b), providing a second energized etching gas in the process zone to etch the mask material; and
- (d) removing the etch resistant material.

15. (Canceled)

16. (previously presented) A method according to claim 14 wherein the etch resistant material comprises photoresist.

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17. (previously presented) A method according to claim 14 comprising forming apertures in the mask material in accordance with a pattern of the etch resistant material.

18. (currently amended) A method according to claim 14 wherein (d) comprises providing an energized stripping gas in the process zone under process conditions selected to substantially remove the second etch resistant material.

19. (Original) A method according to claim 18 wherein the energized stripping gas comprises an oxygen-containing gas.

20. (previously presented) A method according to claim 14 wherein the substrate comprises a layer under the etch resistant and mask materials and further comprising providing an energized process gas to etch the layer.

21. (previously presented) A method according to claim 14 wherein the substrate comprises a layer under the etch resistant and mask materials and further comprising providing an energized process gas in the process zone to etch the layer.

22. (previously presented) A method according to claim 14 wherein the substrate comprises a layer under the etch resistant and mask materials and further comprising, after (d), providing an energized process gas in the process zone to etch the layer.

23. (Original) A method according to claim 22 wherein the layer comprises silicon and wherein the energized process gas comprises a halogen-containing gas.

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24. (previously presented) A method according to claim 23 wherein the energized process gas comprises one or more of CF₄, C₂F₆, NF₃, SF₆, Cl₂, Br₂, HBr, and HCl.

25. (Original) A method according to claim 14 wherein the process zone is an energized gas zone in a process chamber.

26-33 (cancelled)

34. (previously presented) A substrate processing method comprising:

(a) providing a substrate in a process chamber, the substrate comprising an etch resistant material over a mask material;

(b) providing a first energized process gas in the chamber to etch the mask material, the process gas comprising a polymer forming gas, thereby depositing process residue on surfaces of the process chamber;

(c) providing a second energized process gas in the chamber comprising a non-polymer forming gas to simultaneously etch the mask material and at least partially remove the process residue from the surfaces of the process chamber; and

(d) after (c), providing a third energized process gas in the chamber to further process the substrate.

35. (previously presented) A method according to claim 34 wherein (b) comprises providing an energized first process gas in the chamber to form apertures in the mask material on the substrate.

36-37. (Canceled)

38. (Original) A method according to claim 34 wherein (d) comprises etching a material on the substrate.

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39-50. (Cancelled)

51. (previously presented) A substrate processing method comprising:

- (a) providing a substrate in a process zone, the substrate comprising resist material over mask material;
- (b) providing an energized first process gas in the process zone to etch apertures in the mask material;
- (c) after (b), providing an energized second process gas in the process zone to etch the apertures in the mask material;
- (d) providing an energized process gas in the process zone to remove the resist material; and
- (e) providing an energized process gas in the process zone to etch a layer under the mask material.

52. (previously presented) A method according to claim 51 wherein (d) comprises providing an energized stripping gas in the process zone under process conditions selected to substantially remove a layer of resist material.

53. (Original) A method according to claim 52 wherein the energized stripping gas comprises an oxygen-containing gas.

54. (Original) A method according to claim 51 wherein the layer comprises silicon and wherein the energized process gas comprises a halogen-containing gas.

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55. (previously presented) A substrate processing method comprising:

- (a) providing a substrate in a process zone, the substrate comprising a first etch resistant material, a second etch resistant material, an anti-reflective coating material that is between the first and second etch resistant materials, and a silicon-containing layer that is under the first and second etch resistant materials;
- (b) providing a first energized process gas in the process zone to form apertures in the first etch resistant material;
- (c) removing the second etch resistant material in the process zone; and
- (d) providing a second energized process gas in the process zone to simultaneously remove the anti-reflective coating material and etch the silicon-containing layer, the second energized process gas comprising one or more of CF₄, C₂F₆, NF₃, SF₆, Cl₂, Br₂, HBr, and HCl.

56. (previously presented) A substrate processing method comprising:

- (a) providing a substrate in a process zone, the substrate comprising a resist material over a mask material, the mask material being over an underlying material;
- (b) forming apertures in the mask material by:
 - (i) in a first step, exposing the mask material to a first energized process gas in the process zone, the first energized process gas being substantially absent a polymer forming gas; and
 - (ii) in a second step, exposing the mask material to a second energized process gas in the process zone, the second energized process gas comprising polymer forming gas;
- (c) removing the resist material from the substrate by providing an energized stripping gas in the process zone; and
- (d) after (c), providing a third energized process gas in the process zone to etch the underlying material.

57. (Canceled)

58. (previously presented) A method according to claim 50 wherein the first step comprises exposing the mask material to etchant gas comprising one or more of CF₄, C₂F₆, NF₃, and SF₆, and the second step comprises exposing the mask material to etchant gas comprising one or more of CHF₃, CH₂F₂, and ClI₃F.

59. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 56 wherein (b) comprises providing a first energized process gas comprising one or more of HCl, BCl₃, HBr, Br₂, Cl₂, CCl₄, SiCl₄, SF₆, F₂, NF₃, HF, CF₃, CF₄, CH₃F, CHF₃, C₂H₂F₂, C₂H₄F₆, C₂F₆, C₃F₈, C₄F₈, C₂HF₅, C₄F₁₀, CF₂Cl₂, and CFCl₃.

60. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 56 wherein (c) comprises providing an energized stripping gas comprising one or more of O₂, N₂, H₂O, NH₃, CF₄, C₂F₆, CHF₃, C₃H₂F₆, C₂H₄F₂, and CH₃F.

61. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 56 wherein (c) comprises providing an energized oxygen-containing stripping gas in the process zone under process conditions selected to substantially remove the resist material.

62. (previously presented) A method according to claim 56 wherein (d) comprises providing a third energized process gas comprising one or more of CF₄, C₂F₆, NF₃, SF₆, Cl₂, Br₂, HBr, and HCl.

63. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 56 wherein (a) comprises providing a substrate in the process zone, the substrate comprising a resist material over a mask material, the mask material being over a silicon-containing material.

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64. (previously presented) A method according to claim 56 wherein (a) comprises providing a substrate in the process zone, the substrate comprising a resist material over a mask material, the mask material comprising one or more of silicon oxide, TEOS, and silicon nitride, and the mask material being over an underlying material.

65. (previously presented) A substrate processing method comprising:

(a) providing a substrate in a process zone, the substrate comprising a photoresist material over a mask material, the mask material comprising one or more of silicon oxide, TEOS, and silicon nitride, and the mask material being over a silicon containing underlying material;

(b) providing an energized mask etching gas in the process zone to etch the mask material, the mask etching gas having a first composition comprising a non-polymer forming gas;

(c) changing the first composition of the mask etching gas to a second composition comprising a polymer forming gas to etch the mask material;

(d) removing the photoresist material from the substrate by providing an energized stripping gas in the process zone; and

(e) after (d), providing an energized halogen-containing process gas in the process zone to etch the silicon-containing material.

66. (previously presented) A method according to claim 65 wherein (c) comprises providing a second composition comprising one or more of HCl, BCl₃, HBr, Br₂, Cl₂, CCl₄, SiCl₄, SF₆, F₂, NF₃, HF, CF₃, CF₄, CH₃F, CHF₃, C₂H₂F₂, C₂H₄F₆, C₂F₆, C₃F₈, C₄F₈, C₂HF₅, C₄F₁₀, CF₂Cl₂, and CFCI₃.

67. (previously presented) A method according to claim 65 wherein (d) comprises providing an energized stripping gas in the process zone, the stripping gas comprising one or more of O₂, N₂, H₂O, NH₃, CF₄, C₂F₆, CHF₃, C₃H₂F₆, C₂H₄F₂, and CH₃F.

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68. (previously presented) A method according to claim 65 wherein (d) comprises providing an energized oxygen-containing stripping gas in the process zone.

69. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 65 wherein (e) comprises providing an energized halogen containing process gas comprising one or more of CF₄, C₂F₆, NF₃, SF₆, Cl₂, Br₂, HBr, and HCl.

70. (previously presented) A substrate processing method comprising:

(a) providing a substrate in a process zone, the substrate comprising a resist material over a mask material, the mask material comprising one or more of silicon oxide, TEOS, and silicon nitride, the mask material being over a silicon-containing material, and an anti-reflective coating material that is between the resist material and mask material;

(b) providing an energized first mask etching gas in the process zone to etch apertures in the mask material, the energized first mask etching gas comprising one or more of CF₄, C₂F₆, NF₃ and SF₆;

(c) after (b), providing an energized second mask etching gas in the process zone to etch the apertures, the energized second mask etching gas comprising one or more of CHF₃, CH₂F₂, and CH₃F;

(c) removing the resist material from the substrate by providing an energized stripping gas in the process zone, the stripping gas comprising one or more of O₂, N₂, H₂O, NH₃, CF₄, C₂F₆, CHF₃, C₃H₂F₆, C₂H₄F₂, and CH₃F; and

(d) after (c), providing an energized process gas in the process zone to simultaneously remove the anti-reflective coating material and etch the silicon-containing material, the process gas comprising one or more of CF₄, C₂F₆, NF₃, SF₆, Cl₂, Br₂, HBr, and HCl.

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71. (previously presented) A substrate processing method comprising:

- (a) providing a substrate in a process zone, the substrate comprising a resist material over a mask material, the mask material being over an underlying material;
- (b) forming apertures in the mask material by:
 - (i) in a first step, exposing the mask material to a first energized process gas in the process zone, the energized first process gas comprising one or more of CF_4 , C_2F_6 , NF_3 , and SF_6 ; and
 - (ii) in a second step, exposing the mask material to a second energized process gas in the process zone, and energized second process gas comprising one or more of CHF_3 , CH_2F_2 , and CH_3F ;
- (c) removing the resist material from the substrate by providing an energized stripping gas in the process zone; and
- (d) after (c), providing a third energized process gas in the process zone to etch the underlying material.

72. (previously presented) A method according to claim 1 wherein the first composition comprises a non-polymer forming gas, the second composition comprises a polymer forming gas, and wherein (c) comprises changing to the second composition without stopping a flow of the non-polymer forming gas.

73. (previously presented) A method according to claim 1 wherein the first composition is substantially absent polymer forming gas.

74. (previously presented) A method according to claim 1 wherein the first composition comprises one or more of CF_4 , C_2F_6 , NF_3 , and SF_6 , and wherein the second composition comprises one or more of CHF_3 , CH_2F_2 , and CH_3F .

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75. (previously presented) A method according to claim 1 wherein the first composition consists essentially of CF₄ and argon, and wherein the second composition consists essentially of (i) CF₄, (ii) one or more of CHF₃, CH₂F₂, and CH₃F, and (iii) argon.

76. (previously presented) A method according to claim 14 wherein the first energized etching gas comprises a first composition comprising a non-polymer forming gas and the second energized etching gas comprises second composition comprising a polymer forming gas, and wherein (c) comprises changing the first composition to the second composition without stopping a flow of the non-polymer forming gas.

77. (previously presented) A method according to claim 14 wherein the first energized etching gas comprises one or more of CF₄, C₂F₆, NF₃, and SF₆, and wherein the second energized etching gas comprises one or more of CHF₃, CH₂F₂, and CH₃F.

78. (previously presented) A method according to claim 34 wherein the first energized process gas comprises one or more of CHF₃, CH₂F₂, and CH₃F, and wherein the second energized process gas comprises one or more of CF₄, C₂F₆, NF₃, and SF₆.

79. (previously presented) A method according to claim 51 wherein the energized first process gas comprises a first composition comprising a non-polymer forming gas, and wherein the energized second process gas comprises a second composition comprising a polymer forming gas, and wherein (c) comprises changing the first composition to the second composition without stopping a flow of the non-polymer forming gas.

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80. (previously presented) A method according to claim 56 wherein the first energized process gas comprises a first composition comprising a non-polymer forming gas, and the second energized process gas comprises a second composition, and comprising changing the first composition to the second composition without stopping a flow of the non-polymer forming gas.

81. (previously presented) A method according to claim 65 wherein (c) comprises changing the first composition to the second composition without stopping a flow of the non-polymer forming gas.

82. (previously presented) A method according to claim 70 wherein the energized first mask etching gas comprises a first gas composition comprising a non-polymer forming gas, the energized second mask etching gas comprises a second gas composition, and wherein the first gas composition is changed to the second gas composition without stopping a flow of the non-polymer forming gas.